

Project 6— Implementation of Banker’s Algorithm in Dealing with Deadlocks -120 points

(Due date: 12/1/2010/Wednesday Midnight at Moodle)

Your name:	Date:
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In Chapter 7 (Deadlocks), we described the Banker’s algorithm as one of the methods used for deadlock avoidance. In this project, we will write a Java program that implements the banker’s algorithm: customers request and release resources from the bank and the banker will grant a request *only if it leaves the system in a safe state*. A request is denied if it leaves the system in an unsafe state.

- The bank will employ the strategy outlined in the textbook whereby it will consider requests from n customers for m resources. The bank will keep track of the resources using the following data structures:
 - `int [] available;` //the available amount of each resource
 - `int [] [] maximum;` //the maximum demand of each customer
 - `int [][] allocation;` //the amount currently allocated to each customer
 - `int [][] need;` //the remaining needs of each customer
- The functionality of the bank appears in the interface defined in “**Bank.java**” file.
 - The implementation of this interface (in a Java file called “**BankImpl.java**”, which you are required to complete) will require adding a *constructor* that is passed the number of resources initially available. For example,
 - Suppose we have three resource types with 10, 5, and 7 resource instances initially available. In this case, we can create an implementation of the interface using the following technique:
 - `Bank theBank = new BankImpl(10, 5, 7);`
 - The bank will grant a request if the request satisfies *the safety algorithm* outlined in the textbook; if granting the request does not leave the system in a safe state, the request is denied.
- Testing your implementation:
 - There is a test input data file called “**infile.txt**” that contains the maximum demand for each customer. The file appears as follows:


```
7,5,3
3,2,2
9,0,2
2,2,2
4,3,3
```

 - This means the maximum demand for customer0 is 7, 5, 3; for customer1, 3, 2, 2; and so forth.
 - Since each line of the input file represents a separate customer, the *addCustomer()* method is to be invoked as each line is read in, initializing the value of maximum for each customer:
 - `maximum[0][]` is initialized to 7, 5, 3,
 - `maximum[1][]` is initialized to 3, 2, 2,
 -

- Furthermore, **Test.java** also requires the initial number of resources available in the bank. For example, if there are initially 10, 5, and 7 resources available, we invoke Test.java as follows:
 - `java Test infile.txt 10 5 7`
- The following shows the process on how to run this process, provide inputs and read the outputs from the program:

```
D:\2009Fall\CSC280\assignments\project5_BankerAlgorithm_Sol>javac *.java
D:\2009Fall\CSC280\assignments\project5_BankerAlgorithm_Sol>java Test infile.txt
10 5 7
*
Available = [10 5 7]
Allocation = [0 0 0][0 0 0][0 0 0][0 0 0][0 0 0]
Max = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
Need = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
RQ 0 0 1 0
Customer # 0 requesting 0 1 0 Available = 10 5 7 Approved
RQ 1 3 3 2
Customer # 1 requesting 3 3 2 Available = 10 4 7 Request Out of the MAX-limits!!
Denied
RQ 1 2 0 0
Customer # 1 requesting 2 0 0 Available = 10 4 7 Approved
RQ 2 3 0 2
Customer # 2 requesting 3 0 2 Available = 8 4 7 Approved
RQ 3 2 1 1
Customer # 3 requesting 2 1 1 Available = 5 4 5 Approved
RQ 4 0 0 2
Customer # 4 requesting 0 0 2 Available = 3 3 4 Approved
RQ 0 4 0 1
Customer # 0 requesting 4 0 1 Available = 3 3 2 INSUFFICIENT RESOURCES
Denied
*
Available = [3 3 2]
Allocation = [0 1 0][2 0 0][3 0 2][2 1 1][0 0 2]
Max = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
Need = [7 4 3][1 2 2][6 0 0][0 1 1][4 3 1]
RQ 1 1 0 2
Customer # 1 requesting 1 0 2 Available = 3 3 2 Approved
RQ 0 0 2 0
Customer # 0 requesting 0 2 0 Available = 2 3 0 Denied
*
Available = [2 3 0]
Allocation = [0 1 0][3 0 2][3 0 2][2 1 1][0 0 2]
Max = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
Need = [7 4 3][0 2 0][6 0 0][0 1 1][4 3 1]
```

```

*
Available = [2 3 0]
Allocation = [0 1 0][3 0 2][3 0 2][2 1 1][0 0 2]
Max = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
Need = [7 4 3][0 2 0][6 0 0][0 1 1][4 3 1]
RL 1 3 1 2

Customer # 1 releasing 3 1 2 **Crazy!--You typed wrong release ###
RL 1 2 0 1

Customer # 1 releasing 2 0 1 Available = 4 3 1 Allocated = [1 0 1 ]*
Available = [4 3 1]

Allocation = [0 1 0][1 0 1][3 0 2][2 1 1][0 0 2]
Max = [7 5 3][3 2 2][9 0 2][2 2 2][4 3 3]
Need = [7 4 3][4 2 3][6 0 0][0 1 1][4 3 1]

```

- After you typed “java Test infile.txt 10 5 7” with an Enter key, you may:
 - Type “*” key for the program to show the current state information;
 - Provide Request with “RQ customer# r1 r2 r3”
 - For example: “RQ 0 2 1 3” means “customer0 requests resources 2 1 3”.
 - Release resources with “RL customer# r1 r2 r3”
 - For example, “RL 2 3 0 2” means “customer2 releases resources 3 0 2”
 - At anytime, you can type “*” to display the current state of the system.

What you need to do in this project:

1. Download the accompanied zipped file and expand it and you will find the following files:
 - a. “Bank.java”—the interface that you will implement upon
 - b. “infile.txt”—input data file that gives the maximum demand for each customer
 - c. “Test.java”—used for testing your implementation
 - d. “**BankImpl.java**”—the *only java program that you will need to complete*. This program is supposed to implement the interface “Bank.java”. At this time, only a skeleton is provided and it is your job to complete and test it.
2. Complete the “**BankImpl.java**” based on the “Bank.java” interface and the data structures mentioned above (*available, maximum, allocation, and need* arrays at the beginning).
3. You will definitely use “Test.java” to test your implementation:
 - a. Read this program thoroughly. You will get some ideas on how to implement “BankImpl.java.”
 - b. Don’t change to code.
4. You must use Test.java to test you program by using:


```
java Test infile.txt 10 5 7
```
5. Provide some requests and releases to the program and record the results by taking a screenshot (use the sample output shown in the previous page).
6. You **must use Bank.java, Test.java, infile.txt without changing** their contents for this project.
7. You must **do necessary boundary checks** when requesting and releasing resources as shown in the second screenshot above.
8. In addition to completing **BankImpl.java**, a **readme** file (PDF or Doc or DOCX format) is required for your submission. Check the following on how to submit your project.

- a. In the sample code, the “thread” name, in fact, means a “customer”. To use “thread”, this sample code can be readily modified to a multithreaded program which is NOT required in this project. Synchronized method is NOT required.
9. At least **two screenshots** are required in your **readme** file to show a comprehensive input/output procedure including boundary checks.

=====How To Submit—Read Carefully, Pease!=====

1. Create a directory “**project6_YourLastName**” (you must use this format for the directory name for this project; **Use Your Last Name**).
 2. When having finished your project, copy **all the source files (*.java)** to these subdirectories, respectively—you should keep this folders clean: *only source code* files included.
 3. A “**readme**” file is required for the project write-up that tells how to compile/run the programs and result screenshots ... *keep this readme simple!*
 4. Compress directory “**project6_YourLastName**” and its contents into a **zip** or **rar** file with same name.
 5. Submit the compressed file at Moodle.
 6. **Penalty** for NOT following these submission instructions (10% ~100%).
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